

1. Common Sized Analysis

Firm	Coromandel FY 19	Coromandel FY 18	Chambal Fertilizers FY 19		
Common Sized Balance Sheets: Assets Side					
Cash & Bank Balances	1.51	5.64	0.58		
Accounts Receivable	39.89	42.69	34.66		
Loans and Advances	4.05	4.14	-		
Inventories	30.65	22.97	9.50		
Other Current Assets	6.68	7.43	1.96		
Total Current Assets	82.78	82.88	46.71		
Fixed Assets	13.97	13.74	49.93		
Other Non-Current Assets	3.26	3.38	3.36		
Total Assets	100	100	100		
Со	Common Sized Balance Sheets: Liabilities Side				
Accounts Payable	63.52	62.01	37.83		
Other Current Liab & Provision	3.42	7.05	9.03		
Long-term Liabilities	1.30	1.53	33.14		
Net Worth	31.76	29.41	20.00		
Total Equity And Liabilities	100	100	100		
Common Sized Profit & Loss Statement					
Total Sales	100	100	100		
Other Income & Exceptional Items	0.10	0.54	(1.13)		
Cost of Goods Sold	70.62	68.78	59.76		
Gross Profit	29.38	31.22	40.24		
Operating/Other Expenses	18.46	19.93	27.03		
PBDIT	11.02	11.82	12.09		
Interest	1.90	1.60	2.48		
Depreciation & Amortization	0.86	0.89	1.42		
Tax	2.81	3.12	2.44		
Profit After Tax	5.45	6.21	5.75		

Observation	Comment		
Common Sized Balance Sheets: Assets Side			
Current Assets V/s Fixed Assets	It can be clearly deduced looking at the proportions of current assets and fixed assets		
	that Chambal Fertilizers is more capital intensive with a 49.93% of total assets		
	accounting for fixed assets. On the other hand, Coromandel International has a		
	whopping 82% of total assets accounting for current assets.		
Inventories	Coromandel International has much higher share of inventories in total assets when		
	compared to Chambal Fertilizers. Also, it is further using cash to stock up more		
	inventories which can be derived from increase in inventory proportion from 2018 to		
	2019 and fall in cash & bank balances proportion.		
Common Sized Balance Sheets: Liabilities Side			
Accounts Payable	Accounts payable proportion being higher in Coromandel than Chambal Fertilizers		
	suggests that it buys more of raw materials on credit.		
Long Term Liabilities	The proportion of long Term Liabilities for Chambal Fertilizers at 33% is relatively		
	higher as compared to 1.3% for Coromandel indicating that Chambal Fertilizers has		
	raised more capital through debt.		
	Common Sized Profit & Loss Statement		
COGS and Operating Expenses	It is interesting to note that even though Gross Profit for Chambal Fertilizers is higher		
	when compared to Coromandel but the PBDIT for both the companies is round about		
	the same. This is due to the fact that operating and other expenses for Chambal		
	Fertilizers is higher compared to Coromandel International.		
Interest and Depreciation & Amortization	The interest and depreciation & amortization as a proportion of total sales are		
	relatively higher in case of Chambal Fertilizes due to the fact that the company has		
	more of fixed assets and long term liabilities compared to Coromandel International.		



2. Index-based Analysis

Financial Year	Coromandel FY 19	Coromandel FY 18	Coromandel FY 17	
Indexed Balance Sheet: Assets Side				
Cash & Bank Balances	94.93	330.94	100	
Accounts Receivable	100.94	100.62	100	
Loans and Advances	81.96	78.08	100	
Inventories	187.95	131.19	100	
Other Current Assets	290.28	300.71	100	
Total Current Assets	128.03	119.38	100	
Fixed Assets	111.07	101.79	100	
Other Non-Current Assets	71.90	69.58	100	
Total Assets	122.31	113.92	100	
Indexed Balance Sheet: Liabilities Side				
Accounts Payable	130.10	118.29	100	
Other Current Liab & Provision	86.87	166.80	100	
Long-term Liabilities	78.25	86.12	100	
Net Worth	116.18	100.19	100	
Total Equity And Liabilities	122.31	113.92	100	
Indexed Profit & Loss Statement				
Total Sales	129.71	109.14	100	
Other Income & Exceptional Items	24.13	108.88	100	
Cost of Goods Sold	128.20	105.05	100	
Gross Profit	133.51	119.37	100	
Operating/Other Expenses	126.62	115.04	100	
PBDIT	140.54	126.88	100	
Interest	112.03	79.68	100	
Depreciation & Amortization	113.04	98.43	100	
Tax	158.11	147.35	100	
Profit After Tax	151.06	144.94	100	

Observation	Comment
Total Assets, Net Worth And Profit After	Looking at Total Assets, Net Worth and PAT it can be clearly deduced that the
Tax	company is on the rise with every year recording a positive growth compared to
	previous year. PAT has increased by 50% from 2017 indicating that company is also
	more profitable over the past 2 years.
Cash & Bank Balances And Inventories	One interesting observation is that there was a rapid rise in cash & bank balances
	during 2017-2018 but then it fell off during 2018-2019 which can be attributed to the
	fact that the company decided to stock up more inventory which may be because of
	more demand for its products in the market.
Other Income & Exceptional Items	The major fall in other income & exceptional items and rise in the Gross Profit in 2019
	from 2017 indicates that even after a fall in the other income the rise in sales was so
	much that the Gross Profit in 2019 was still 33% more than 2017.
Other Current Liabilities & Provision	The other current liabilities & provision decreased rapidly in 2019 as compared to 2018
	and 2017 which indicates the fact that the company reduced its short term
	borrowings.